# Understanding Your Pay Advice (DPSCS - 8/80 Employees) 

## Example 1: Employee has less than 80 regular hours

POSC - Direct Deposit Advice Slip Page 1 of 1


STATE EMPLOYEES HOLIDAY OPEN HOUSB 12-15-16, 3-SPM GOV HOUSE

|  | Payment type: | Direct Deposit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bank Name: | WELLS FARGO BANK |  |
| Deposit Date: | $\mathbf{1 1 - 3 0 - 2 0 1 6}$ |  |
| Deposit Amount: | $\mathbf{\$ 9 5 8 . 6 2}$ |  |

TXIEXTAPPI

## Understanding Your Pay Advice (DPSCS - 8/80 Employees)

## Example 2: Employee has overtime adjustments

POSC - Direct Deposit Advice Slip
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Payment type:
Bank Name:
Deposit Date:
Deposit Amount:

Direct Deposit
BANK OF AMERICA N A
11-30-2016
\$2145. 34

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The above examples of pay advices show employees with less than 80 regular hours, adjusted overtime and shift differentials.

Your pay advice may reflect less than 80 hours, adjusted overtime and shift differentials if:

- your time sheet has not been completed,
- your time sheet has not been submitted,
- your time sheet has not been approved,
- you have adjustments (e.g. overtime, unpaid leave, regular hours) from a previous pay period.

The difference in hours is subtracted from 80 hours; therefore, any previous pay period adjustments (e.g. hours, earnings, net pay and taxes) may be deducted from the current pay period. Once your current pay period timesheet is complete and approved by your timekeeper, the difference (e.g. hours, earnings, net pay and taxes) will be calculated by a retro calculation in the next pay period. The retro calculation adjustment will be added to or subtracted from your current pay period's hours, earnings, net pay and taxes.

For example, if you were over paid in a previous pay period, the adjustments (e.g. hours, earnings, net pay and taxes) will be subtracted from the current pay. If you were under paid in a previous pay period, the adjustments (e.g. hours, earnings, net pay and taxes) will be added to the current pay.

Use the definitions and formulas as a guide to understanding your pay advice. If you still have questions regarding your pay advice, please contact your agency's Payroll Partner.

## Section 1

REGULAR PAY RATE: Pay rate is no longer available in CPB because all calculations are performed in Workday; therefore, $\$ 0.00$ is displayed.

## Section 2

REGULAR: Regular hours worked plus paid leave
HOURS- The number of hours worked plus paid leave for the pay period CURRENT- The dollar amount of hours worked plus paid leave for the pay period YEAR TO DATE- The total dollar amount of hours worked plus paid leave year to date
Note: The total hours in your timesheet are calculated by using the following formula:
Regular Hours + Overtime Hours + Unpaid Hours + Time Off Hours*
OVERTIME: Overtime hours worked
HOURS- Actual number of overtime hours worked for the pay period
CURRENT- The dollar amount of overtime hours worked for the pay period YEAR TO DATE- The total dollar amount of overtime hours worked year to date

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## SHIFT DIFF: Shift differential pay

CURRENT: The dollar amount of shift differential pay for the pay period
YEAR TO DATE: The total dollar amount of shift differential pay year to date

## Section 3

EARNINGS: (Gross Pay)
CURRENT: The earnings for the pay period
YEAR TO DATE: The total earnings year to date
Note: Earnings can be calculated by using the following formula:
Regular + Overtime + Shift Diff = Earnings (Gross pay)

TAXES: Total taxes withheld
CURRENT: The total taxes withheld for the pay period
YEAR TO DATE: The total taxes withheld year to date

DEDUCTIONS: Total deductions taken (e.g. Health Benefits, Union Dues, State Retirement)
CURRENT: The total deductions taken for the pay period
YEAR TO DATE: The total deductions taken year to date

NET PAY: The amount after taxes and deductions
CURRENT: The total net pay for the pay period
YEAR TO DATE: The total net pay year to date
Note: Net Pay can be calculated by using the following formula:
Earnings $\boldsymbol{-}$ Taxes $\boldsymbol{-}$ Deductions $=$ Net Pay

## Section 4

PAYMENT TYPE: The payroll distribution (Direct Deposit)
BANK NAME: The Name of your banking institution where payroll was deposited
DEPOSIT DATE: The date payroll was deposited
DEPOSIT AMOUNT: The amount deposited into your bank account (Net Pay)

